

ENGLISH 3AC · SEMESTER 1

Unit 5 (House)

English 3AC Unit 5 (House) gives you the words to describe a home and say where objects are. You practise rooms, furniture, there is/there are and prepositions, while reusing present simple questions and short answers. An invented home is enough for every activity in this lesson.

Key points

- There is introduces one object or an uncountable quantity; there are introduces plural objects.
- Use Is there...? and Are there...? to ask about existence.
- In, on and under describe distinct positions.
- Between identifies a position relative to two reference points.
- Use be for location and do/does for present simple routines.
- Furniture is uncountable; chairs and desks are countable.

Learning goals

- Name rooms and common furniture.
- Describe existence with there is/are.
- Locate objects with precise prepositions.
- Distinguish where from whether questions.
- Reuse do/does for home routines.
- Write a room description in a logical order.

Communication: describing a home clearly

A useful description tells your listener what a place contains and where to find things. There is a desk describes existence. The desk is next to the window describes location. Begin with the room, then move to its main objects instead of jumping from one detail to another.

Two brothers discuss a room

Adam: Is there a desk in your room? Sami: Yes, there is. It is next to the window. Adam: Where is your bag? Sami: It is under the desk. Adam: Do you read there? Sami: Yes, I do.

Vocabulary: rooms, furniture and useful combinations

Place	Typical words	Example
Bedroom	bed, wardrobe, desk	a desk in the bedroom
Kitchen	cupboard, sink, fridge	a fridge in the kitchen
Living room	sofa, table, shelf	a sofa in the living room
Bathroom	shower, washbasin	a shower in the bathroom

Room names tell you how a space is used. Do not assume every home has a garden or a separate

study. Furniture is normally uncountable: some furniture, two pieces of furniture. The individual objects, such as chairs and desks, are countable.



Use there is for one object and there are for several; on and under describe position.

Grammar: there is and there are

Existence There is introduces one item or an uncountable quantity. There are introduces several items: There is a shelf. There are two chairs. There is some furniture.

Positive	Negative	Question and reply
There is a desk.	There isn't a desk.	Is there a desk? Yes, there is.
There are two chairs.	There aren't any chairs.	Are there any chairs? No, there aren't.

There is/are first introduces an object. After that, use a pronoun or the noun to give its position: There is a shelf. It is above the desk. Avoid using There is as a replacement for every form of is; The desk is brown describes an already identified object.

There is / There are



Use there is with one desk and there are with two chairs. The number of objects determines is or are.

Grammar: prepositions of place

Preposition	Meaning in this task	Example
in	inside	The pencil is in the box.
on	touching the top surface	The book is on the desk.
under	below	The bag is under the desk.
next to	beside	The desk is next to the window.
between	in the space separating two named things	The chair is between the bed and the desk.
behind / in front of	at the back / at the front	The lamp is behind the chair.

Between needs two reference points in this beginner pattern: between the bed and the desk. On and above are not identical: a book on a desk touches it; a shelf above a desk can be attached to the wall.

Check a location sentence

- Choose the object you are locating.
- Choose one or two reference objects.
- Use a preposition supported by the description or picture.
- Read the sentence from the listener's point of view: can they find the object?

Grammar revision: routines need do/does

Use be for a location: Is the book on the desk? Use do/does for a routine with another verb: Do you read in your room? Does Sami tidy the shelf? Answer Yes, I do or No, he doesn't. A main verb after does stays in its base form.

Location versus routine

Is Adam in the kitchen? Yes, he is. Does Adam cook on Sunday? Yes, he does.

- In the first question, he describes location. In the second, cook describes an activity.

Study skills: sketch and label

Draw a simple rectangle for an invented room. Add a door and a window before placing furniture. Label only five objects, then write their positions. A clear labelled sketch helps you check the language. It is a classroom task; you do not need to share your real address or a photograph of your home.

Skills work: reading a quiet study corner

Sami's study corner is in his bedroom. There is one desk next to the window. A book is on the desk, and a bag is under it. There are two shelves above the desk. His pencil case is in the drawer. Sami reads in this corner after school. He does not watch television there. The television is in the living room.

Follow each it back to its noun. In a bag is under it, it refers to the desk. There are two shelves introduces a new plural object. The last sentence places the television in a different room; do not put it in the study corner.

Skills work: listening and writing

A partner reads: "There is a book on the desk. The bag is under the desk. The pencil case is in the drawer." Draw the three objects in the correct positions without looking at the script. Then write a 50-word description of an invented room, using existence before location.

Cultural studies and review: homes are different

- Describe a space without judging its size or furnishings.
- Use an invented room if you prefer privacy.
- Distinguish one object from several objects before choosing is/are.
- Check whether each question asks about a location or a routine.

Exercises: try before reading the answers**1. Name the room**

Choose a usual room for a fridge, a bed and a sofa from kitchen, bedroom and living room.

2. Existence and number

Complete: There ... one desk. There ... two shelves. There ... some furniture.

3. Locate the objects

A book touches the desk's top. A bag is below the desk. A pencil is inside a box. Choose on, under or in.

4. Ask about existence

Make questions: There is a wardrobe. There are two chairs.

5. Short existence answers

Answer yes to Is there a desk? and no to Are there any lamps?

6. Between two reference points

The chair occupies the space separating the bed from the desk. Write a sentence with between.

7. Location or routine?

Complete: ... the book on the desk? ... Sami read after school? ... you tidy your room?

8. Read the study corner

Where is the bag? How many shelves are there? Where is the television? Does Sami watch it in the study corner?

9. Resolve the pronoun

In A book is on the desk, and a bag is under it, what does it refer to? Rewrite without it.

10. Edit a room description

Correct: There are a desk. The bag is in the desk's top surface. Does he tidies the room? There are two furnitures.

11. Draw from listening

Have a partner read the listening script. Draw the book, bag and pencil case, then describe their positions.

12. Describe an invented room

Write 50-70 words. Include three objects, three positions, one negative and a routine.

Answers and explanations

1. Name the room

Fridge: kitchen. Bed: bedroom. Sofa: living room. These are typical vocabulary associations, not rules about every real home.

2. Existence and number

There is one desk. There are two shelves. There is some furniture. Furniture is uncountable even when it refers to several items.

3. Locate the objects

The book is on the desk. The bag is under the desk. The pencil is in the box. Each preposition describes a different spatial relation.

4. Ask about existence

Is there a wardrobe? Are there two chairs? Move the form of be before there and keep singular/plural agreement.

5. Short existence answers

Yes, there is. No, there aren't. Existence questions use there again in their short replies.

6. Between two reference points

The chair is between the bed and the desk. Name both reference objects so the reader understands the position.

7. Location or routine?

Is the book on the desk? Does Sami read after school? Do you tidy your room? Be serves location; do/does introduce activity questions.

8. Read the study corner

The bag is under the desk. There are two shelves. The television is in the living room. Sami does not watch it in the study corner.

9. Resolve the pronoun

It refers to the desk: A book is on the desk, and a bag is under the desk. The noun supplies the reference point for both locations.

10. Edit a room description

There is a desk. The bag is on the desk. Does he tidy the room? There are two pieces of furniture. Correct number, the stated surface position, the base verb and the uncountable noun.

11. Draw from listening

Place the book on the desk, the bag under the desk and the pencil case in the drawer. A drawing with all three correct relations demonstrates comprehension.

12. Describe an invented room

Model: My study corner is in a small bedroom. There is a desk next to the window. My book is on the desk, and my bag is under it. There are two shelves above the desk. There isn't a television in this room. I read here after school and tidy the desk on Saturday.

Check existence, pronoun reference and location. Do not add an s to furniture.

Frequently asked questions

What should I revise for English 3AC Unit 5 House?

Revise rooms, furniture and prepositions, then use there is/are to introduce objects. The unit also reuses present simple questions with do/does for routines at home.

What is the difference between there is and there are?

There is introduces a singular item or uncountable quantity: a desk or some furniture. There are introduces plural countable items: two chairs or some shelves.

What is the difference between on and above?

On usually means touching a surface in these examples: a book on a desk. Above means higher than a reference object and does not require contact: a shelf above the desk.

Do I use is or does in a house question?

Use is with a singular location question: Is the book on the desk? Use does with a third-person activity question: Does Sami tidy the room? The main verb after does is the base form.

Can I say two furnitures?

Furniture is normally uncountable. Say some furniture or two pieces of furniture. You can count specific objects directly: two chairs, three shelves and one desk.

Revision resource: follow the units, instructions and pace set by your teacher.

[Read the full lesson and practise on MATHFJIB.](#)